



Teaching and Learning in Home Economics Unit Plan				
Unit Title: Vege Master Chef Curriculum Level: Level 3/4 Year Level: Year 8				
Your vision for Home Economics	Place your vision in here			
Rationale (for teaching this unit)	Why have you chosen this rationale for this unit? Our aim was to introduce students to a range of vegetables and look at the value of them to our diet and what influences our choices. For example, My brother does not like peas, therefore I do not like them either.			
Relationship to NZC	Vision	Principles	Values	
Consider how these play out in your syndicate/ dept	Students will be:	Students will be:	Students will be able to:	
Link to Te Ao Māori and	Links to traditional Māori co			
the Pasifika Plan	Ako – Practice in the classroom and beyond - Reciprocal teaching/learning; parents, whānau, hapū, learner, teacher - (Tātaiako -Teaching Council and Ministry of Education)  Turu 1: Identities, languages and cultures (Tapasā Teaching Council and Ministry of Education)			





**Underlying Concepts:** (Select the ones you are specifically going to make reference to in your teaching and learning Hauora, Health Promotion, Attitudes and Values and Socio-Ecological Perspective)

The socio-ecological perspective will be evident when students:

- identify and reflect on factors that influence people's choices and behaviours relating to health and physical activity (including social, economic, environmental, cultural, and behavioural factors and their interactions)
- recognise the need for mutual care and shared responsibility between themselves, other people, and society
- actively contribute to their own well-being, to that of other people and society, and to the health of the environment that they live in.

Through the socio-ecological perspective, students will learn to take into account the considerations that affect society as a whole as well as individual considerations and will discover the need to integrate these.

https://health.tki.org.nz/Teaching-in-HPE/Health-and-PE-in-the-NZC/Health-and-PE-in-the-NZC-1999/Underlying-concepts/The-Socio-ecological-perspective

Key Competencies Students will be able to: (Select those explicitly taught)					
☐ Think	ing				
☐ Language, symbols, and texts		You select the ones that meet the needs of your students <b>and put</b> your evidence here as to what you are looking for.			
☐ Managing self					
☐ Relating to others					
☐ Participating and contributing					
_					
NZC Level	Personal Health and Physical	Movement Concepts and Motor	Relationships with Other People	Healthy Communities and	
Achieveme	Development	Skills		Environments	
nt					
Objectives	Students will:	Students will:	Students will:	Students will:	
-					
Level 3	A1 Personal growth and development	B1 Movement skills	C1 Relationships	D1 Societal attitudes and values	
	<ul> <li>Identify factors that affect personal,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Develop more complex movement</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identify and compare ways of</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identify how health care and</li> </ul>	
	physical, social, and emotional growth	sequences and strategies in a range of	establishing relationships and	physical activity practices are	
	and develop skills to manage changes.	situations.	managing changing relationships.	influenced by community and	
				environmental factors.	





A class could operate across 2 levels to allow for differentiati on

#### A2 Regular physical activity

 Maintain regular participation in enjoyable physical activities in a range of environments and describe how these assist in the promotion of wellbeing.

#### A3 Safety management

• Identify risks and their causes and describe safe practices to manage these.

#### A4 Personal identity

• Describe how their own feelings, beliefs, and actions, and those of other people, contribute to their personal sense of self-worth.

#### **B2** Positive attitudes

• Develop movement skills in challenging situations and describe how these challenges impact on themselves and others.

#### **B3** Science and technology

 Participate in and describe how their body responds to regular and vigorous physical activity in a range of environments.

### B4 Challenges and social and cultural factors

 Participate in co-operative and competitive activities and describe how cooperation and competition can affect people's behaviour and the quality of the experience.

#### C2 Identity, sensitivity, and respect

• Identify ways in which people discriminate and ways to act responsibly to support themselves and other people.

#### C3 Interpersonal skills

• Identify the pressures that can influence interactions with other people and demonstrate basic assertiveness strategies to manage these.

#### D2 Community resources

 Participate in communal events and describe how such events enhance the well-being of the community.

### D3 Rights, responsibilities, and laws

 Research and describe current health and safety guidelines and practices in their school and take action to enhance their effectiveness.

#### D4 People and the environment

 Plan and implement a programme to enhance an identified social or physical aspect of their classroom or school environment.

# Personal Health and Physical Development

Students will:

# A1 Personal growth and development

• Describe the characteristics of pubertal change and discuss positive adjustment strategies.

#### **A2** Regular physical activity

• Demonstrate an increasing sense of responsibility for incorporating

# **Movement Concepts and Motor** Skills

Students will:

#### **B1 Movement skills**

 Demonstrate consistency and control of movement in a range of situations.

#### **B2** Positive attitudes

• Demonstrate willingness to accept challenges, learn new skills and strategies, and extend their

#### **Relationships with Other People**

Students will:

#### **C1** Relationships

• Identify the effects of changing situations, roles, and responsibilities on relationships and describe appropriate responses.

# C2 Identity, sensitivity, and respect

# Healthy Communities and Environments

Students will:

## D1 Societal attitudes and values

 Investigate and describe lifestyle factors and media influences that contribute to the well-being of people in New Zealand.

**D2** Community resources

NZC Level Achieveme nt Objectives





Level 3

A class

operate

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regular and enjoyable physical activity into their personal lifestyle to enhance well-being.

#### A3 Safety management

• Access and use information to make and action safe choices in a range of contexts.

#### **A4** Personal identity

• Describe how social messages and stereotypes, including those in the media, can affect feelings of selfworth. abilities in movement-related activities.

#### **B3 Science and technology**

• Experience and demonstrate how science, technology, and the environment influence the selection and use of equipment in a variety of settings.

# **B4 Challenges and social and cultural factors**

• Participate in and demonstrate an understanding of how social and cultural practices are expressed through movement.  Recognise instances of discrimination and act responsibly to support their own rights and feelings and those of other people.

#### **C3** Interpersonal skills

• Describe and demonstrate a range of assertive communication skills and processes that enable them to interact appropriately with other people

• Investigate and/or access a range of community resources that support well-being and evaluate the contribution made by each to the well-being of community members.

# D3 Rights, responsibilities, and laws; D4 People and the environment

• Specify individual responsibilities and take collective action for the care and safety of other people in their school and in the wider community.





		Foundation	
Learning Intentions			
Language of (AOs)	You develop this with your students		
Teaching and	d Learning Action Plan	Resources required	
vegetables; the	ry based unit. The aim is that students will investigate the nutritional value of a wide variety of y will identify the best cooking method. They would have investigated their local markets/ school en/ home vegetable garden.		
Potential enqui	ralue and influences of a variety of vegetables in the diet of a Year 8 student. ry questions. e are few vegetables in take away foods. Why? is the value of vegetables for you as a growing student? cables are too expensive and my parents do not see the value of eating them. What can I do to cheaper vegetable dishes at home with my parents? cables are full of nutrition. What particular nutrients would help my body? vegetables do my peers like and why? Survey some of my peers and find out what influences to eat the vegetables they do.		
for their daily rebuying, sharing	escribe the value of vegetables to meet Child's (2-12) Nutritional recommended vegetable needs equirement. They will be familiar and investigate models of well-being and the impact of making, and eating kai in particular vegetables. They will describe influences that impact on daily food tudents do not eat vegetables.		
consider growing promoting the	den or have one into speak and identify how vegetables are grown, seed, bulb, seedling etc and ng some vegetables that could be used in the school canteen or classroom. Taking action consumption of vegetables in your school and your own diet. Write an article for the school ocating for more vegetables in students' diets. Identify where vegetables grow in the local livisit.		





Teaching and Learning Sequence			
	What	Notes	
Week 1 Identify where your students are at – what can they do – group them and use the activities provided. Use the questions to encourage them to think about changes	Teacher to provide a taste test of a variety of seasonal vegetables with a variety of cooking methods to begin the inquiry.		
Week 2			
Week 3			
Week 4			
Week 5			





#### **ASSESSMENT**

The primary purpose of assessment is to improve students' learning and teachers' teaching as both student and teacher respond to the information that it provides (pg 39 NZC)

Prior learning What do they know? What can they do?	Formative Individual and group feedback & feedforward - What are they learning? What do they need to learn?	Summative By the end of the unit what have they learned?
Gather evidence of prior knowledge from the development of your inquiry	Gather info on the way through – photographs, blogs, research, peer feedback, student voice to keep you building on what they need to learn	Use the annotated scenarios, at the end of the unit, to make an overall teacher judgment agains your chosen AOs





Reflection and Review	
What happened as a result of the teaching? Use assessment evidence as a basis for reflection.	
How well did the student do?	This unit was reviewed on
What did they learn as a result of your teaching and learning?	by
Was the learning challenging enough or was it too challenging?	
<ul> <li>Was the learning differentiated sufficiently to extend all students in their learning?</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Was there enough time for students to develop/practise their learning?</li> </ul>	
• Did teaching/learning activities support students' work towards their intended learning and what was it about the	
activities that made a difference?	
<ul> <li>What supported the students' learning in this unit, and what were the barriers to students' learning?</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Were students enabled to transfer their learning to other contexts?</li> </ul>	





#### Annotations that can be used for student inquiries or get students to make up their own using their own influences.

- My grandmother makes me eat broad beans and I did not like the thick skins. I have now found that if you take the skins off them, they are
  very tasty. I have decided to find out if other people take their skins of the broad beans and look at some recipes to see if this is what others
  do.
- My father grows Brussels sprouts in the garden and I do not like the way he boils them for me to eat. We have been learning in class about adding flavours to vegetables and using different cooking methods to make vegetables into a meal and make them taste better for those of us who do not like them. I have found many recipes that I have tried. My favourite one is frying Brussels sprouts with some bacon and fresh breadcrumbs and serving them with cheese on top they have become one of my favourite vegetables.
- Caleb can describe the nutritional value of his chosen vegetables and identify some cultural significance for these vegetables. For example, when cooking a stir-fry with Boy Choy Caleb has investigated how the vegetable has grown and can discuss the seasonal availability of Bok Choy and where Bok Choy came from.
- Hone does not like cabbage. Last week he was with his Grandmother at their marae and she showed him how to wrap his vegetables in a
  cabbage leaf before putting the cabbage parcels into a basket to cook in the hangi. Hone was surprised how delicious the cabbage was after
  the hangi pit opened and they all ate the food together. He wondered if he could cook his cabbage like this at home.
- Hannah wants to know how she can eat her favourite vegetables when they are not in season.
- I love the way my Granny cooks cabbage, it is so much better than the way my mother does.

#### Acknowledgement

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